

Not deaf or dead!

‘I chose risk of death over going deaf’

After catching multidrug-resistant TB, doctor faced a stark choice

BIANCA CAPAZORIO

DEAF or dead. Those were the two options offered to doctor Delene von Delft when she was diagnosed with multidrug-resistant tuberculosis three years ago.

Her existing regimen of seven drugs was causing hearing loss. Then there was the option of a new drug – the first new TB drug developed in 42 years to get Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approval in the US – but the clinical trial was already full.

But the new drug came with serious side effects, including sudden cardiac arrest, and death.

That was the difficult choice for Von Delft, a doctor working at a public hospital in the Western Cape and

he sold while further clinical trials continue. Phase three trials are still required.

Bedaquiline is not available in South Africa, but the Medicines Control Council has called for a fast-track review of the drug, and has allowed for a clinical access programme which will collect further clinical data. It will be given to patients at four sites as part of a clinical trial.

In April last year Von Delft applied for compassionate access to the drug. This allows patients to access unregistered drugs in the testing phase, to save their lives.

At the time however, the only people accessing it were those in a clinical trial, which was already closed.

They had all been diagnosed as having extremely drug-resistant (XDR)

“I had a choice between going deaf or death from heart attack”



SURVIVOR: Somerset West doctor Delene von Delft and her husband Arne. She was one of the first South Africans to take a new TB drug, the first to get FDA approval in 42 years, which she credits with saving her life.

PICTURE: LIONEL SQUARE

The seven-year journey of bedaquiline as a third choice for all South Africans with MDR-TB, as told by one fortunate MDR-TB survivor.

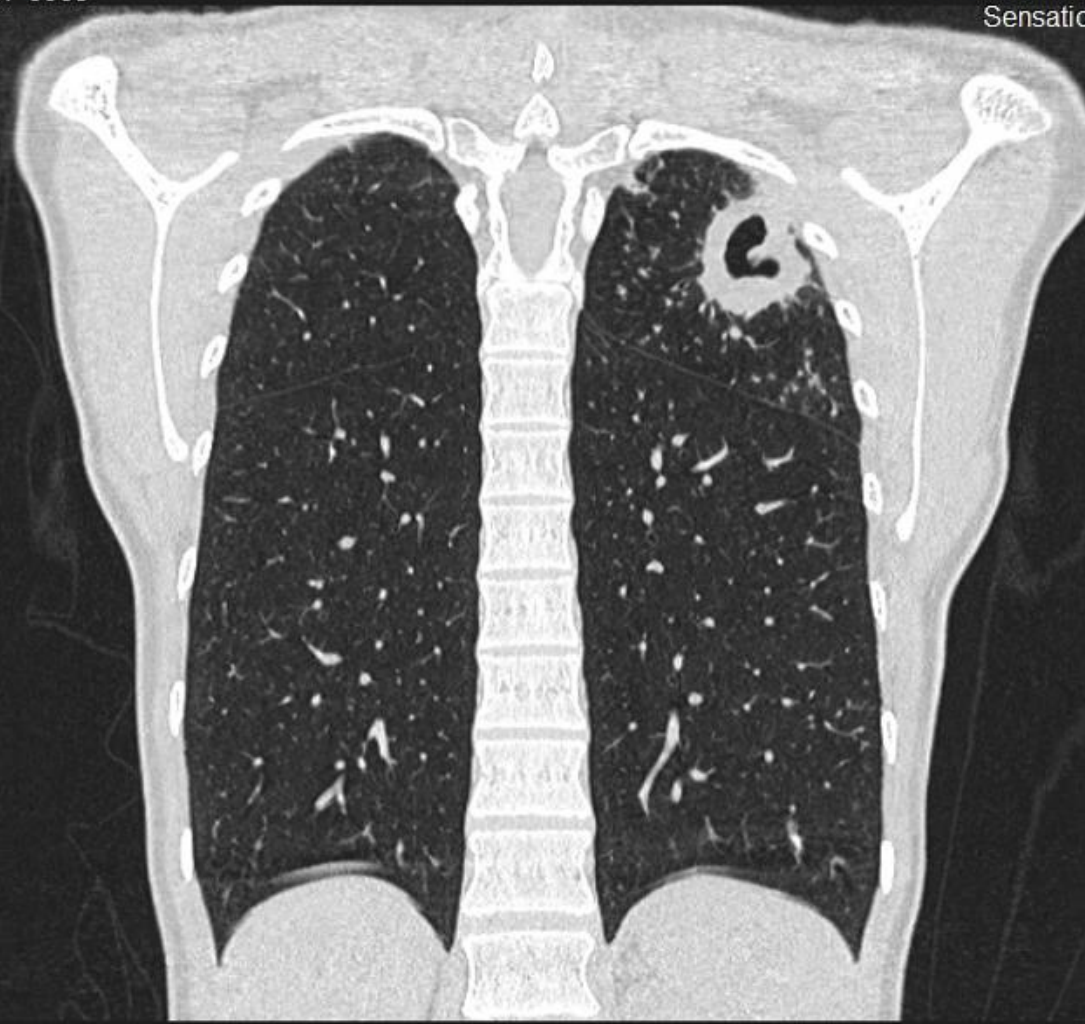
Arne von Delft, TB Proof

SA HIV Clinicians Society Conference, 25 October

7-6069

H

Panorama
Ref.: MEINTJ
Sensation



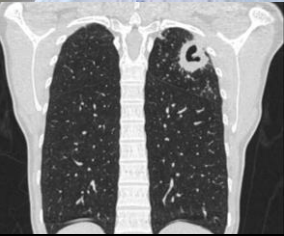
2016

2018

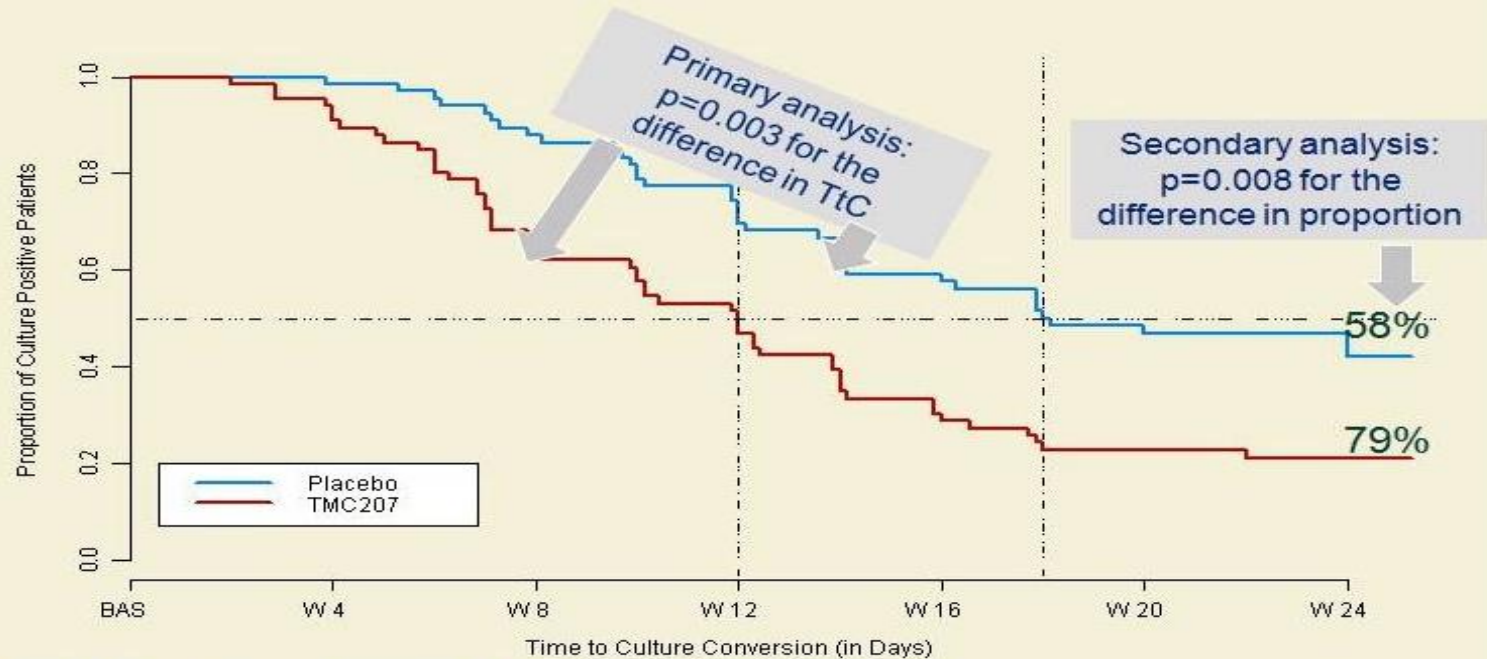
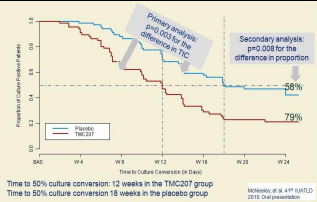


2018

Results of clinical trial – 24 weeks



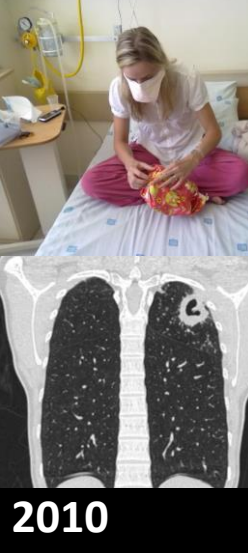
2010



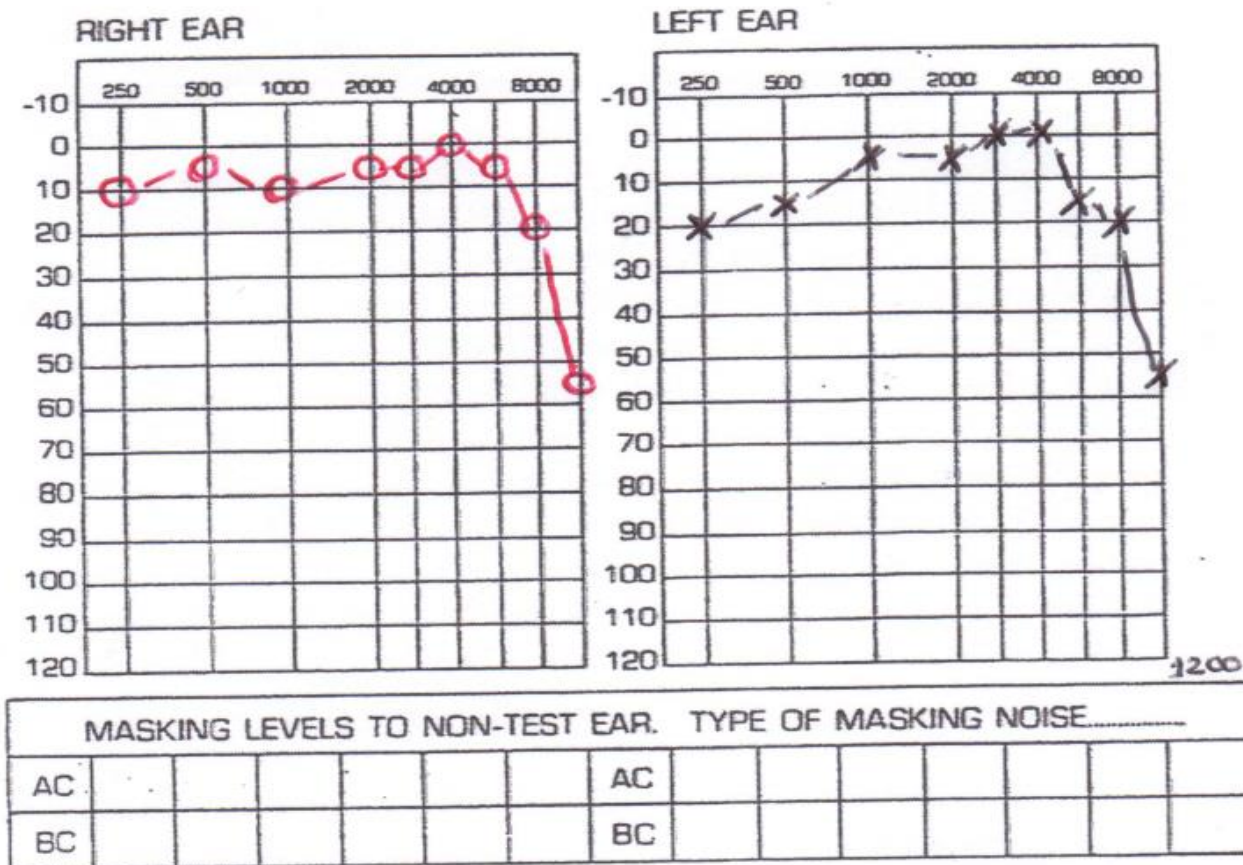
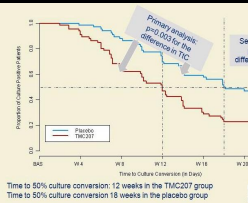
Time to 50% culture conversion: 12 weeks in the TMC207 group
Time to 50% culture conversion 18 weeks in the placebo group

McNeeley, et al. 41st IUAULTD
2010. Oral presentation

- Significantly reduced time to culture conversion over 24 weeks (hazard ratio 2.253; 95% CI: 1.08 to 4.71; $P = 0.031$)



2010



2018



18 – 61.5 % ototoxicity but differing methodology

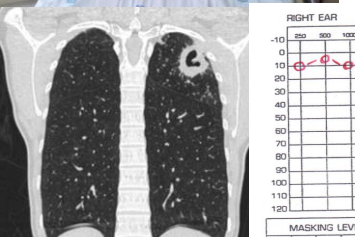
Table 1. Studies that have examined ototoxicity amongst patients on treatment for drug-resistant tuberculosis, assessed using a standardised testing and classification methodology (alphabetical order)

First author	Year of study	Country	Type to testing and classification of hearing loss	Number of subjects tested	Number with ototoxicity (%)	Age Range	Number known to be HIV-infected (%)
de Jager[23]	1995-2000	The Netherlands	15dB at two adjacent frequencies or 20dB at one frequency. Testing frequencies 250-8000Hz	61	11 (18.0)	10-83	NS
Duggal[25]	2000-2006	India	10dB at two adjacent frequencies, 20dB at any one frequency or loss of response at three consecutive frequencies where responses were previously obtained. Testing frequencies 250-8000Hz	64	12 (18.8)	17-65	NS
Kennedy[45]	2004-2009	Ireland	Audiograms every six weeks. Classification based on article by Brummett[46]	13	8 (61.5)	24-82	1/7 (14.3)
Peloquin[22]	1991-1998	USA	20dB at any frequency and 15dB at two adjacent frequencies both assessed. Audiometry tested at 250-8000Hz	87	32-28* (36.8-32.2)	19-79	NS
Sturdy[24]	2004-2009	UK	10dB at two adjacent frequencies, 20dB at any one frequency or clinical symptoms of hearing loss. Frequencies not specified	50	9 (18.0)	34.6 (12.8)**	5 (10)

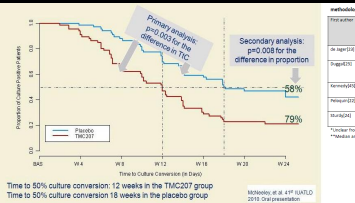
*Unclear from the article

**Median and standard deviation presented as age range unavailable

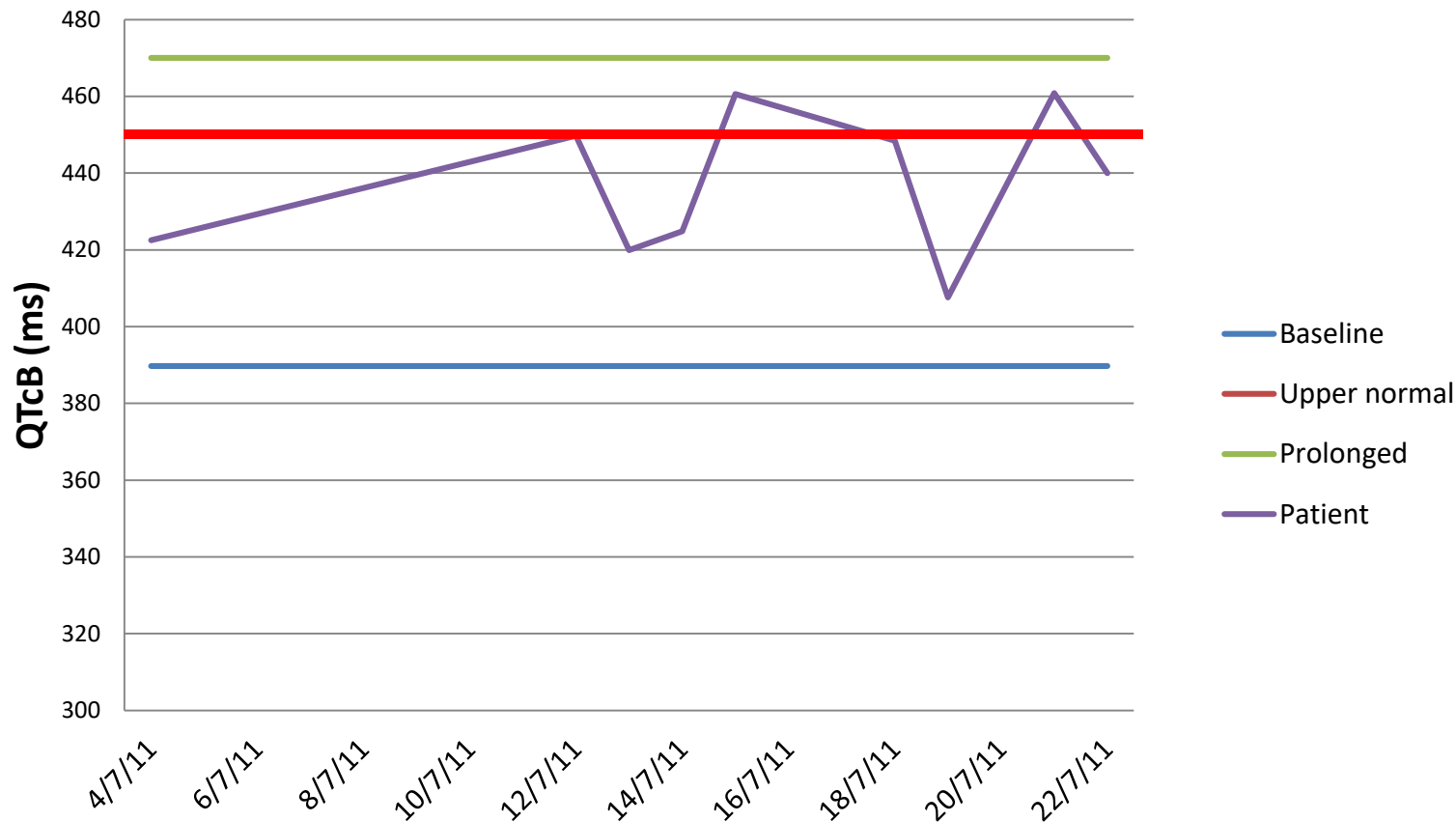
Seddon and Schaaf et al. **Hearing loss in patients on treatment for drug-resistant tuberculosis. *ERJ Express*. June 2012**

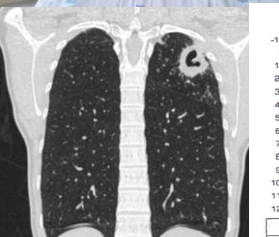


2010

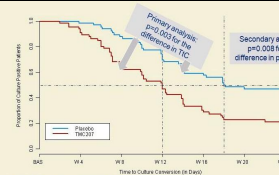


QTcB changes following loading with TMC 207 over two weeks





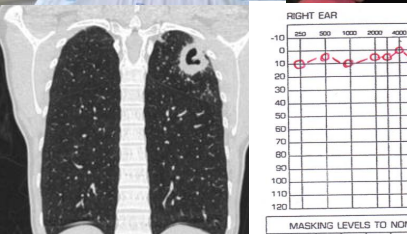
2010



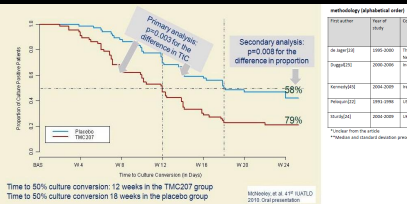
Time to 50% culture conversion: 12 weeks in the TMC207 group
Time to 50% culture conversion: 18 weeks in the placebo group

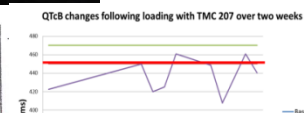
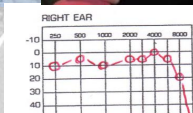
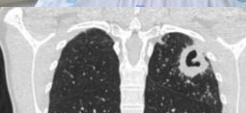


2018



2010





2

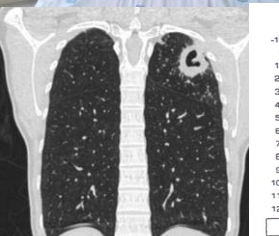
2016

2018

Baseline
Upper normal
Prolonged
Patient



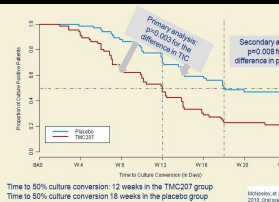
The South African
Health News Service



The case for pre-approval access to bedaquiline

November 26, 2012

2010



PRESS RELEASE: Bedaquiline is an anti-tuberculosis drug that is still being tested in clinical trials. It is not yet approved anywhere in the world, though it is steadily making progress towards approval in Europe and the United States.

Several organisations, including the Treatment Action Campaign, the Treatment Action Group, HIV i-Base, the Global Tuberculosis Community Advisory Board, Medecins Sans Frontieres and the Southern African HIV Clinicians Society have called for the drug to be made available to patients with drug-resistant tuberculosis (TB) before it is approved. This demand was made as far back as the World Lung Conference in Mexico in 2009. Yet little progress towards pre-approval access has been made in South Africa. The South African medicines regulatory authority, the Medicines Control Council (MCC), has responded sceptically.

We make the case for pre-approval access in this article. Although we deal with

2018

WORLD

U.S.

N.Y. / REGION

BUSINESS

TECHNOLOGY

SCIENCE

HEALTH

SPORTS

OPINION

A

Search

Global

DealBook

Markets

Economy

Energy

Media

Person

F.D.A. Approves Drug for Resistant Tuberculosis

By KATIE THOMAS

Published: December 31, 2012

The [Food and Drug Administration](#) announced on Monday that it had approved a new treatment for multidrug-resistant tuberculosis that can be used as an alternative when other drugs fail.

[Enlarge This Image](#)

The drug, to be called Sirturo, was discovered by scientists at Janssen, the [pharmaceuticals](#) unit of [Johnson & Johnson](#), and is the first in a new class of drugs that aims to treat the drug-resistant strain of the disease.

FACEBOOK

TWITTER

GOOGLE+

SAVE

E-MAIL

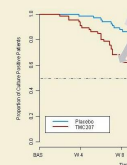
SHARE

PRINT

REPRINTS



2010



Time to 50% culture conversion: 12 w
Time to 50% culture conversion: 18 w



2018



WHY SA
BANKER LEAPT
TO HIS DEATH

PAGE 2



I RISKED
DEATH FOR
TREATMENT

PAGE 7

WÜSTHOF
35% OFF
on all Wüsthof Knife Blocks

Shop your way at Value Mart.
Drive off With open,
You ways
011 463 7928

ADAMS
DISCOUNT CENTRE

R6,80 (incl. GST) per copy
R7,44 for subscribers



SATURDAY Star

SOUTH AFRICA'S BIGGEST-SELLING SATURDAY

January 12

MATHS TEACHERS CELEBRATE

NEWS

SATURDAY STAR

'I chose risk of death over going deaf'

After catching multidrug-resistant TB, doctor faced a stark choice

BIANCA CAPAZZIO

DEAF or dead. Those were the two options offered to doctor Dene von Delft when she was diagnosed with multi-drug-resistant tuberculosis three years ago. Her existing regimen of seven drugs was causing hearing loss. Then there was the option of a new drug – the first new TB drug developed in 42 years to get Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approval in the US – but the clinical trial was already full.

But the new drug came with serious side effects, including sudden cardiac arrest, and death. That was the difficult choice for Von Delft, a

she said while further clinical trials continue. Phase three trials are still required.

Bedaquiline is not available in South Africa, but the Medicines Control Council has called for a fast-track review of the drug, and has allowed for a clinical access programme which will collect further clinical data. It will be given to patients at four sites as part of a clinical trial.

In April last year Von Delft applied for compassionate access to the drug. This is a way for patients to access unregistered drugs in the testing phase, to save their lives.

"I had a choice between going deaf or death from heart attack



however, the only people assessing it were those in a clinical trial, which was already closed. They had all

had to take the chance," said Von Delft. She is now cured of TB. Dr Claudio Marra of the TB Project SA says: "All drugs... have side effects. People die. This drug is less toxic than the one we are currently using." Marra believes the benefits of bedaquiline far outweigh the risks. bianca@iwe.lwandle@iinf.co.za

rent TB treatment and an imminent end to her medical career, Von Delft was ready to try anything. Access to bedaquiline in South Africa has so far been extremely limited with access only granted to the patients in clinical trials. "As a doctor, I knew the possible risks of the new treatment, but... I

tially fatal heart problems. Dr Dene von Delft, pictured, contracted multidrug-resistant TB in 2010 after caring for patients infected with strains of drug-resistant TB. With the threat of life-long deafness from the cur-

and may be the last hope for many. Johnson & Johnson subsidiary Janssen Pharmaceutica's bedaquiline is controversial because there is limited data on its safety, and there is some evidence that it raises the risk of poten-



Cape Argus
THURSDAY JANUARY 10 2013

6 News

LOCAL MEDICINE

Newly approved TB drug stirs controversy

Stel Lwandle
STAFF REPORTER

THE LOCAL medical industry is abuzz with the recent approval of the controversial new TB drug, bedaquiline. The little-tested drug recently received the nod of approval from the Medicine Control Council



2018

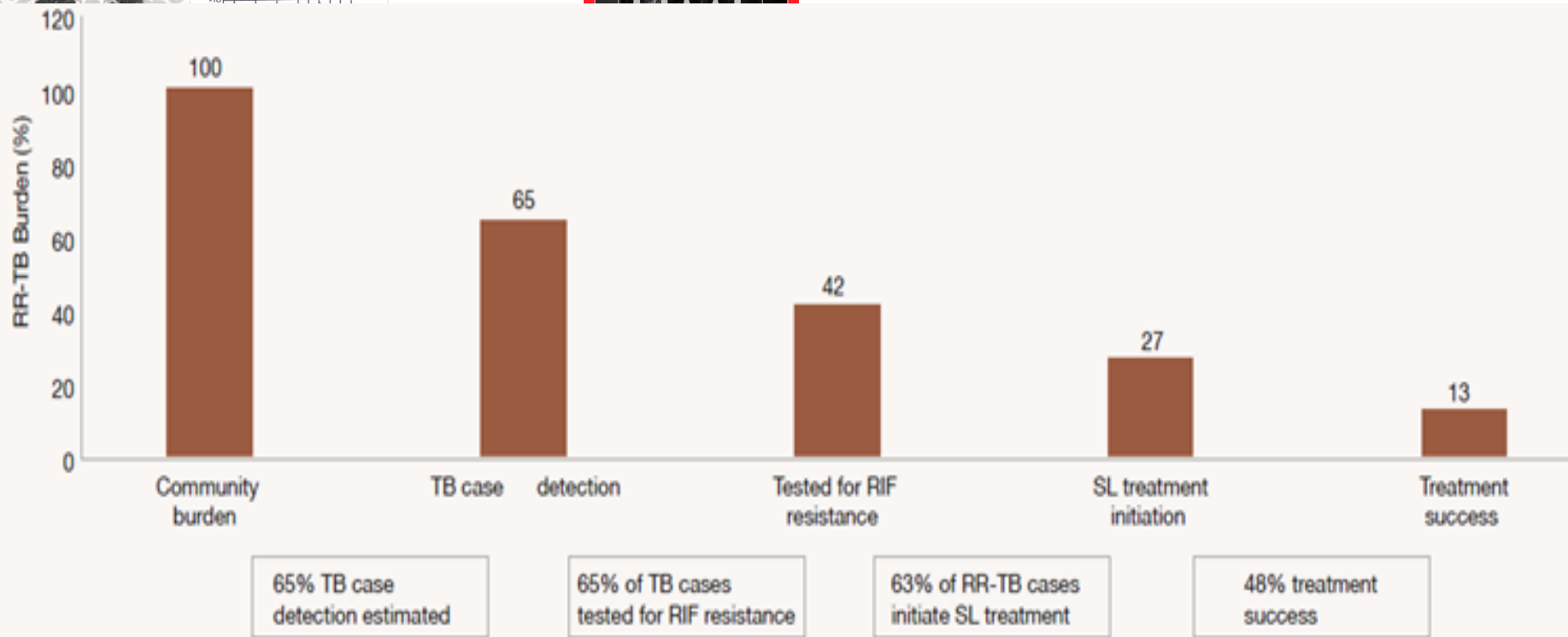
Why drug-resistant tuberculosis threatens us all

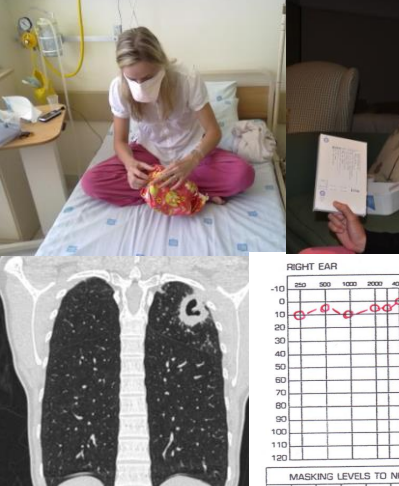


RIGHT EAR
-10 250 500 1000 2000 4000 8000

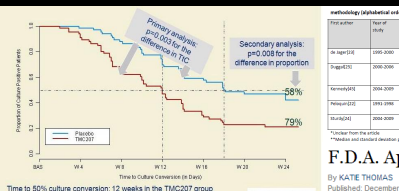
QTCB changes following loading with TMC 207 over two

The Next Role/Global's Hackers/The World's Hardest Job





2010



The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) had approved that can be used



HEALTH
NEW
The ca
bedaqui

The use of bedaquiline in the treatment of multidrug-resistant tuberculosis

Interim policy guidance



2016

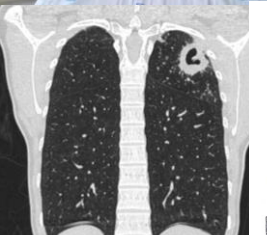
2018



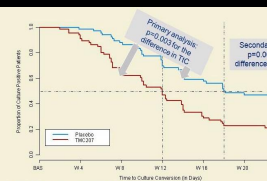


AGENTS OF CHANGE

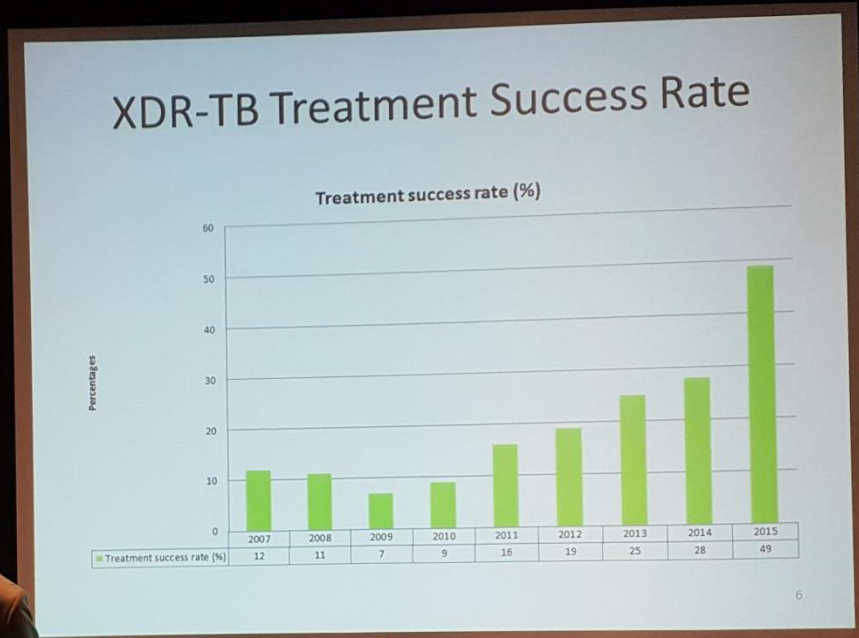
TB PROOF



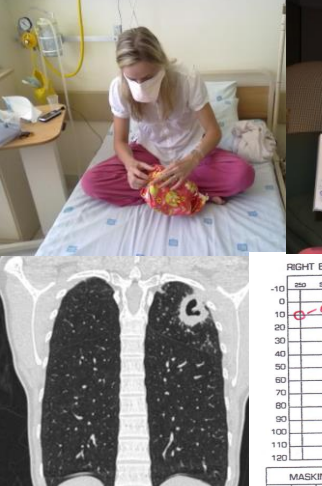
2010



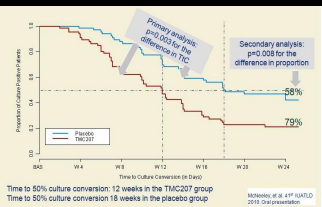
Time to 50% culture conversion: 12 weeks in the TMC207 group
Time to 50% culture conversion: 18 weeks in the placebo group



2018



2010



Phumeza Tisile was cured of XDR-TB with the help of MSF-sponsored linezolid.



2018

True Life: “I will never get used to not hearing”

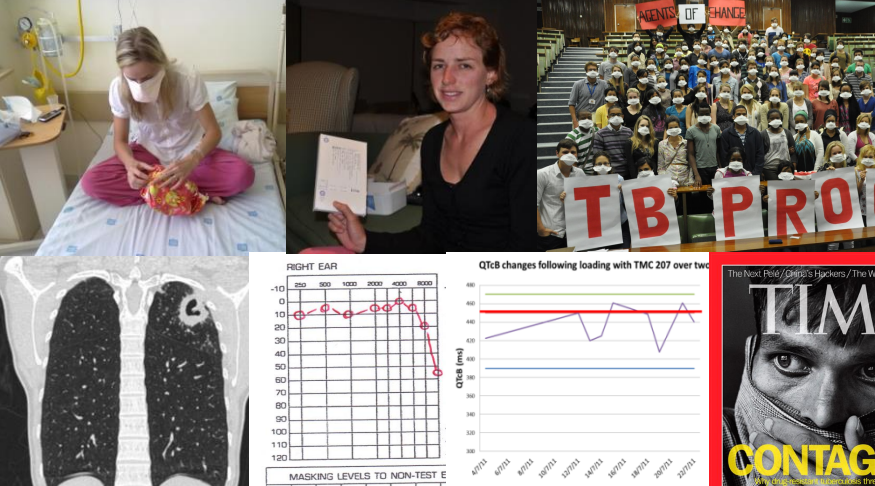
Guest Author

January 16, 2015

Activist and extensively drug-resistant tuberculosis (XDR-TB) survivor Phumeza Tisile writes about how a misdiagnosis cost her hearing and what life has been like since.

News



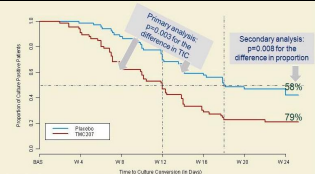


2010

2012



2018



Study ID	Year of study	Location	Type of testing and classification of hearing loss	Number of subjects with hearing loss	Number with hearing loss at baseline	Age Range	Number known to have any other TB
14-1491114	2008-2009	The Netherlands	OTC of the subject's frequency or OTC of one frequency; hearing frequency 200-4000 Hz	45	13 (28.9%)	18-81	40
14-1491115	2008-2009	The Netherlands	OTC of the subject's frequency; OTC of one frequency or hearing frequency 200-4000 Hz	45	13 (28.9%)	17-81	40
14-1491116	2008-2009	India	OTC of the subject's frequency; OTC of one frequency or hearing frequency 200-4000 Hz	45	13 (28.9%)	17-81	40
14-1491117	2008-2009	India	OTC of the subject's frequency; OTC of one frequency or hearing frequency 200-4000 Hz	45	13 (28.9%)	17-81	40
14-1491118	2008-2009	India	OTC of the subject's frequency; OTC of one frequency or hearing frequency 200-4000 Hz	45	13 (28.9%)	17-81	40
14-1491119	2008-2009	India	OTC of the subject's frequency; OTC of one frequency or hearing frequency 200-4000 Hz	45	13 (28.9%)	17-81	40
14-1491120	2008-2009	India	OTC of the subject's frequency; OTC of one frequency or hearing frequency 200-4000 Hz	45	13 (28.9%)	17-81	40

F.D.A. Approves Drug for Resistant Tuberculosis
By KATE THOMAS
Published: December 31, 2012



Time to 50% culture conversion: 12 weeks in the TMC207 group
Time to 50% culture conversion: 18 weeks in the placebo group

McIntyre et al. 411 (2012)
(2012) (2012)

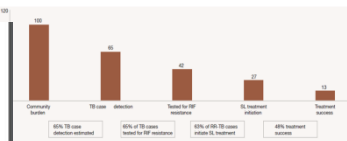


HEALTH-E NEWS

The South African Health News Service

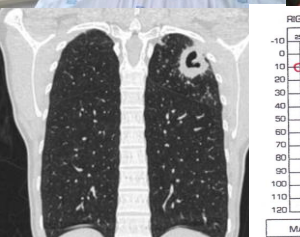
The case for pre-approval access to bedaquiline

The use of bedaquiline in the treatment of multidrug-resistant tuberculosis
Interim policy guidance

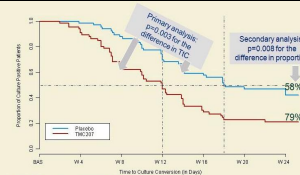


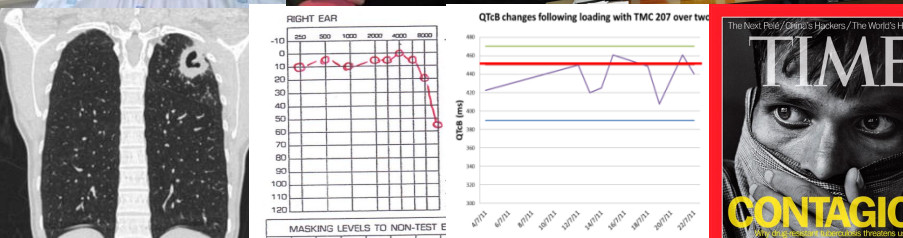
True Life: "I will never get used to not hearing"



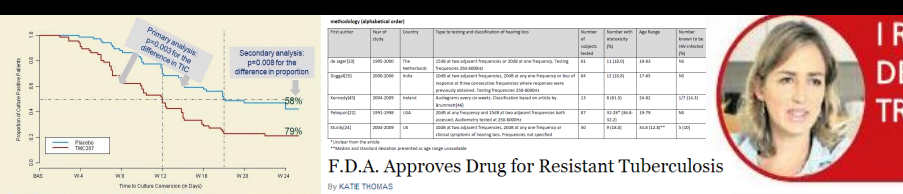


2010





2010 2012



F.D.A. Approves Drug for Resistant Tuberculosis

By KATE THOMAS
Published: December 31, 2012

The **Food and Drug Administration** had approved a new treatment that can be used as an alternative to bedaquiline in the treatment of multidrug-resistant tuberculosis.

The use of bedaquiline in the treatment of multidrug-resistant tuberculosis
Interim policy guidance

HEALTH-E NEWS The South African Health News Service

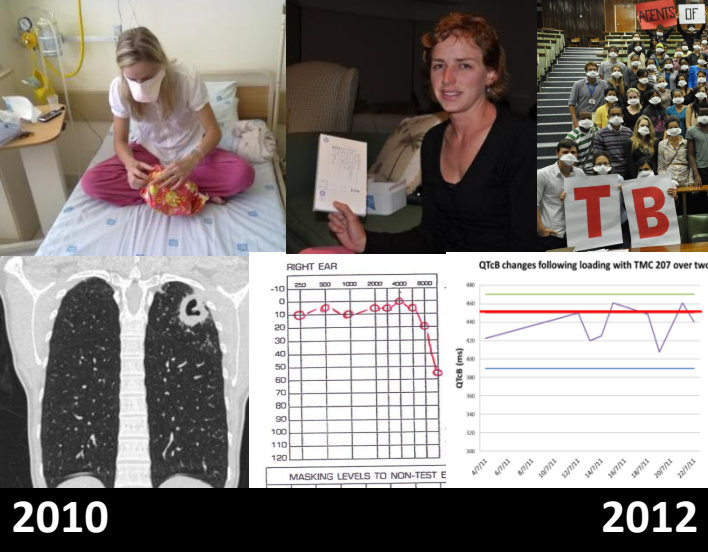
The case for pre-approval access to bedaquiline

True Life: "I will never get used to not hearing"



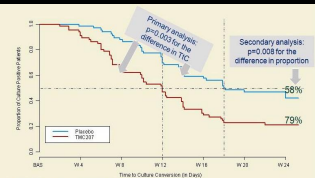
Bedaquiline is one of a handful of new TB drugs used to treat drug-resistant strains. Pediatric TB patient. (Credit: The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB and Malaria)

World first for SA: All-access for blockbuster TB drug



2010

2012



Time to 50% culture conversion: 12 weeks in the TMC207 group

Time to 50% culture conversion: 18 weeks in the placebo group

Mohr et al. 41st IASTED

2010 (conference)

Background (epidemiological data)			
Tb prevalence	Time at risk	Source	Type of testing and classification of resistance
14-14/11/11	1000-2000	The Netherlands	100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline
14-14/11/11	1000-2000	The Netherlands	100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline
14-14/11/11	1000-2000	The Netherlands	100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline
14-14/11/11	1000-2000	The Netherlands	100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline
14-14/11/11	1000-2000	The Netherlands	100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline
14-14/11/11	1000-2000	The Netherlands	100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline
14-14/11/11	1000-2000	The Netherlands	100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline
14-14/11/11	1000-2000	The Netherlands	100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline
14-14/11/11	1000-2000	The Netherlands	100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

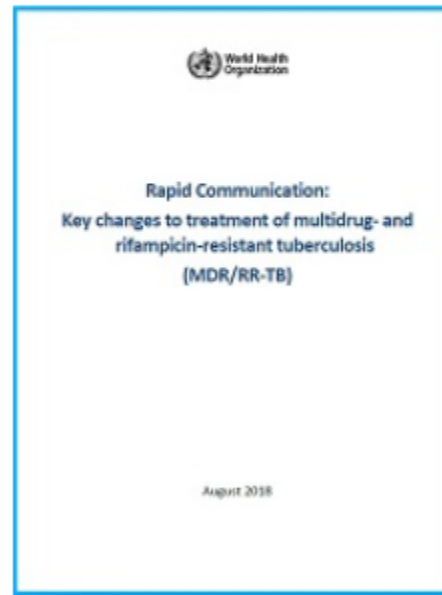
100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline, 100% of the subjects had a positive result at baseline

Rapid Communication: Key changes to treatment of multidrug- and rifampicin-resistant tuberculosis (MDR/RR-TB)

Authors:
WHO



Publication details

Number of pages: 7
Publication date: 2018
Languages: English
WHO reference number:
WHO/CDS/TB/2018.18

Downloads

Download the Rapid Communication pdf, 834kb



The Food and Drug Administration had approved a new treatment that can be used as an alternative

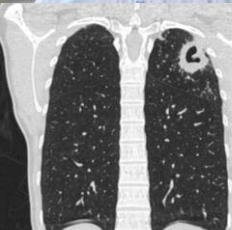


HEALTH-E NEWS

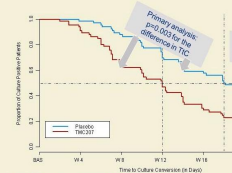
The South African Health News Service

The case for pre-approval access to bedaquiline

Major improvement in treatment outcomes and quality of life of patients with multidrug-resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB) are expected, following key changes in MDR-TB treatment announced by WHO in the Rapid Communication.



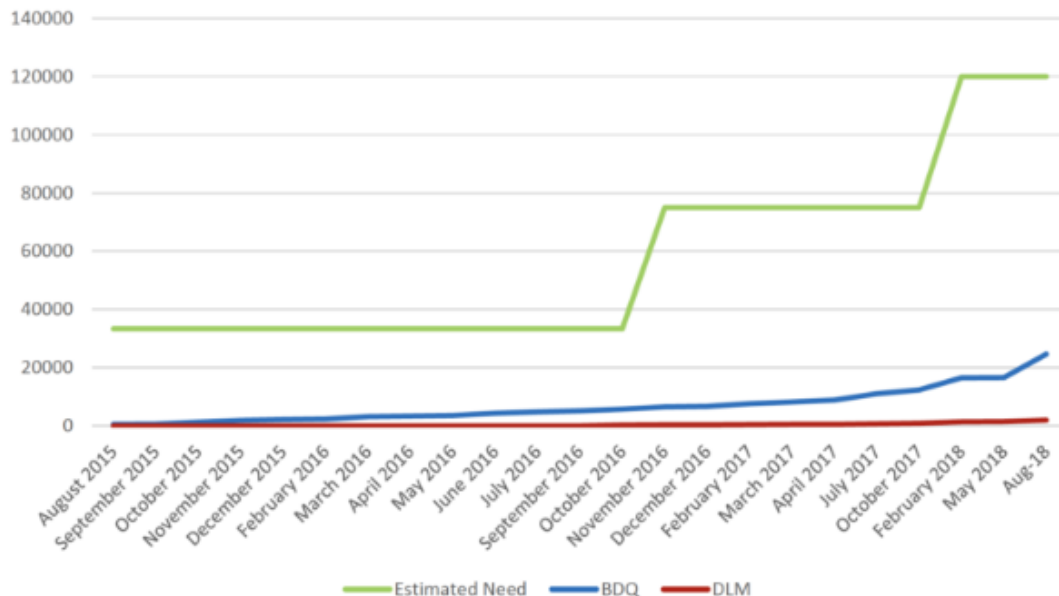
2010



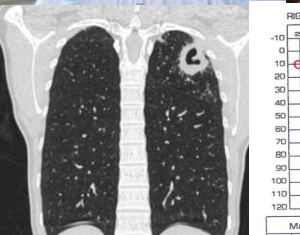
Time to 50% culture conversion: 12 weeks in the TMC207 group
Time to 50% culture conversion: 18 weeks in the placebo group



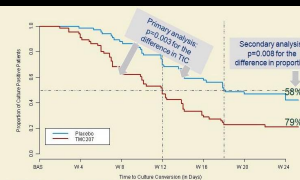
02. Cumulative Delamanid and Bedaquiline Use Over Time Compared with Conservative Estimated Need, August 2015 – Present



**calculation of global estimated need for new drugs adjusted in 2016 based on the WHO Report and in 2017 based on cumulative number of patients needing new drugs*



2010



Time to 50% culture conversion: 12 weeks in the TMC207 group

Time to 50% culture conversion: 18 weeks in the placebo group

Reference: [1] N. van Soolingen et al., *PLoS ONE*, 2010





2010 2012 2014 2016 2018

Time to Culture Conversion (in days)

50% 79%

Time to Culture Conversion (in days)

50% 79%

I RISKED DEATH FOR TREATMENT

PAGE 7

F.D.A. Approves Drug for Resistant Tuberculosis

By KATE THOMAS
Published: December 31, 2012

The **Food and Drug Administration** had approved a new treatment that can be used as an alternative to the current standard of care.

HEALTH-E NEWS

The South African Health News Service

The case for pre-approval access to bedaquiline

The use of bedaquiline in the treatment of multidrug-resistant tuberculosis

Interim policy guidance

True Life: "I will never get used to not hearing"

World Health Organization

World first for SA: All-access for blockbuster TB drug

Rapid Communication: Key changes to treatment of multidrug- and rifampicin-resistant tuberculosis (MDR/RR-TB)

XDR-TB Treatment Success Rate

World Health Organization

Rapid Communication: Key changes to treatment of multidrug- and rifampicin-resistant tuberculosis (MDR/RR-TB)

Selected references (1)

- Slide 4:
 - http://uwclh.conference2web.com/content/187/details?from_view=all&view_address=search%3Dmcneeley
 - Final results published in 2014: <https://www.nejm.org/doi/full/10.1056/NEJMoa1313865>
- 6: <http://erj.ersjournals.com/content/40/5/1277>
- 10: <http://science.sciencemag.org/content/307/5707/223.long>
- 11: <https://www.health-e.org.za/2012/11/26/the-case-for-pre-approval-access-to-bedaquiline/>
- 12: <https://www.nytimes.com/2013/01/01/business/fda-approves-new-tuberculosis-drug.html>
- 13: <https://www.iol.co.za/news/newly-approved-tb-drug-stirs-controversy-1449988>
 - <https://www.iol.co.za/saturday-star/i-chose-risk-of-death-over-going-deaf-1451810>
- 14: <http://content.time.com/time/subscriber/article/0,33009,2136819,00.html>
- 15: Chapter 15: <http://www.hst.org.za/publications/Pages/HST-South-African-Health-Review-2017.aspx>
- 16: <http://www.who.int/tb/challenges/mdr/bedaquiline/en/>
- 17: <http://www.tbproof.org/areyoutbproof/>
- 18: <https://sciencespeaksblog.org/2013/03/19/tb-week-survivors-recount-illness-treatment-and-loss/>

Selected references (2)

- 19: http://www.who.int/tb/advisory_bodies/stag_tb_report_2016.pdf
- 21: <https://www.health-e.org.za/2015/01/16/true-life-will-never-get-used-hearing/>
- 22: <https://www.theglobeandmail.com/world/video-south-africans-with-tb-share-their-painful-battles-with-the-disease/>
 - More here: <https://www.iol.co.za/lifestyle/health/tb-is-taking-down-health-workers-in-sa-at-a-three-times-higher-rate-15040938>
- 23: <http://www.tbproof.org/pledge/>
- 25: <https://www.health-e.org.za/2018/06/19/sa-first-country-to-break-all-barriers-to-blockbuster-tb-drug/>
- 26: http://www.who.int/tb/publications/2018/rapid_communications_MDR/en/
- 27: <http://drtb-stat.org/country-updates/> (Downloaded: 2018/10/24)
- 28: <http://www.tbproof.org/who-we-are/our-team/>
- 29: Excellent overview and advocacy resource developed by TAG and partners (updated in October 2018):
 - <http://www.treatmentactiongroup.org/tb/publications/2013/activist-guide-bedaquiline>
 - Regarding pricing: <http://www.treatmentactiongroup.org/content/reality-check-price-of-bedaquiline>